Creative Commons Legal Code Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported

CREATIVE COMMONS CORPORATION IS NOT A LAW FIRM AND DOES NOT PROVIDE LEGAL SERVICES. DISTRIBUTION OF THIS LICENSE DOES NOT CREATE AN ATTORNEY-CLIENT RELATIONSHIP. CREATIVE COMMONS PROVIDES THIS INFORMATION ON AN "AS-IS" BASIS. CREATIVE COMMONS MAKES NO WARRANTIES REGARDING THE INFORMATION PROVIDED, AND DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ITS USE.

License

THE WORK (AS DEFINED BELOW) IS PROVIDED UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS CREATIVE COMMONS PUBLIC LICENSE ("CCPL" OR "LICENSE"). THE WORK IS PROTECTED BY COPYRIGHT AND/OR OTHER APPLICABLE LAW. ANY USE OF THE WORK OTHER THAN AS AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS LICENSE OR COPYRIGHT LAW IS PROHIBITED.

BY EXERCISING ANY RIGHTS TO THE WORK PROVIDED HERE, YOU ACCEPT AND AGREE TO BE BOUND BY THE TERMS OF THIS LICENSE. TO THE EXTENT THIS LICENSE MAY BE CONSIDERED TO BE A CONTRACT, THE LICENSOR GRANTS YOU THE RIGHTS CONTAINED HERE IN CONSIDERATION OF YOUR ACCEPTANCE OF SUCH TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

1. Definitions

a) "Adaptation" means a work based upon the Work, or upon the Work and other pre-existing works, such as a translation, adaptation, derivative work, arrangement of music or other alterations of a literary or artistic work, or phonogram or performance and includes cinematographic adaptations or any other form in which the Work may be recast, transformed, or adapted including in any form recognizably derived from the original, except that a work that constitutes a Collection will not be considered an Adaptation for the purpose of this License. For the avoidance of doubt, where the Work is a musical work, performance or phonogram, the synchronization of the Work in timed-relation with a moving image ("synching") will be considered an Adaptation for the purpose of this License.

b) "Collection" means a collection or compilation of literary or artistic works or other works or subject matter, such as encyclopedias and anthologies, or performances, phonograms or broadcasts, other than works listed in Section 1(g) below, which, by reason of the selection and arrangement of their contents, constitute intellectual creations, in which the Work is included in its entirety in unmodified form along with one or more other contributions, each constituting separate and independent works in themselves, which together are assembled into a collective whole. A work that constitutes a Collection will not be considered an Adaptation (as defined above) for the purposes of this License.

c) "Distribute" means to make available to the public the original and copies of the Work or Adaptation, as appropriate, through delivery, or sale or other transfer of ownership.

Kommentar: The general approach of the Singapore team is to keep changes to the minimum to maintain as much consistency between countryspecific and generic licenses as possible.

6/14/08 10:41 PM Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika)

Kommentar: This is one example where the Singapore team has decided to retain the language and tenor of the definitions used in the unported license so as to ensure consistency between the generic license and the Singapore-specific license. This approach has also been taken as, depending on the work involved, the term "adaptation" has a very specific meaning in the Singapore Copyright Act. Incorporating the actual wording of the term as used in the Singapore Copyright Act would make this description of "adaptation" in the licence a little unwieldy. (see definition of "adaptation" in the Singapore Copyright Act:

"adaptation" — (a) in relation to a literary work in a non-dramatic form, means a version of the work (whether in its original language or in a different language) in a dramatic form;

(b) in relation to a literary work in a dramatic form, means a version of the work (whether in its original language or in a different language) in a nondramatic form;

(c) in relation to a literary work being a computer program, means a version of the work (whether or not in the language, code or notation in which the work was originally expressed) not being a reproduction of the work;

(d) in relation to a literary work (whether in a nondramatic form or dramatic form), means -(i) a translation of the work; or

(ii) a version of the work in which a story or action is conveyed solely or principally by means of pictures; and

(e) in relation to a musical work, means an

arrangement or transcription of the work;

d) **"License Elements"** means the following high-level license attributes as selected by Licensor and indicated in the title of this License: Attribution, Noncommercial, ShareAlike.

e) "Licensor" means the individual, individuals, entity or entities that offer(s) the Work under the terms of this License.

f) "Original Author" means, in the case of a literary or artistic work, the individual, individuals, entity or entities who created the Work or if no individual or entity can be identified, the publisher; and in addition (i) in the case of a performance the actors, singers, musicians, dancers, and other persons who act, sing, deliver, declaim, play in, interpret or otherwise perform literary or artistic works or expressions of folklore; (ii) in the case of a phonogram the producer being the person or legal entity who first fixes the sounds of a performance or other sounds; (iii) in the case of a photograph, the person who took the photograph;.

g) "Work" means the literary and/or artistic work offered under the terms of this License including without limitation any production in the literary, scientific and artistic domain, whatever may be the mode or form of its expression including digital form, such as a book, pamphlet, computer program and other writing; a lecture, address, sermon or other work of the same nature; a dramatic or dramatico-musical work; a choreographic work or entertainment in dumb show; a musical composition with or without words; a cinematographic work to which are assimilated works expressed by a process analogous to cinematography or any aggregate of visual images embodied in an article or thing capable of being shown as a moving picture, including the aggregate of the sounds embodied in a sound-track associated with such visual images; a work of drawing, painting, architecture, sculpture, engraving or lithographyor photography, or a photographic work to which are assimilated works expressed by a process analogous to photography, whether the work is of artistic guality or not; a work of applied art; an illustration, map, plan, sketch or threedimensional work relative to geography, topography, architecture or science, whether the work is of artistic quality or not; a work of artistic craftsmanship; a performance including a performance of a dance, or the performance (or improvisation) of a dramatic work or musical work, or the reading, recitation or delivery of a literary work or improvised literary work, or any part thereof, whether in the presence of an audience or otherwise; a broadcast, cable programme or published edition of a work; a phonogram or sound recording; a compilation of data or other relevant material to the extent it is protected as a copyrightable work; or a work performed by a variety or circus performer to the extent it is not otherwise considered a literary or artistic work.

h) "You" means an individual or entity exercising rights under this License who has not previously violated the terms of this License with respect to the Work, or who has received express permission from the Licensor to exercise rights under this License despite a previous violation.

i) **"Publicly Perform"** means to perform public recitations of the Work and to communicate to the public those public recitations, by any means or process, including by wire or wireless means or public digital performances; to make available to the public Works in such a way that members of the public may access these

6/14/08 11:18 PM Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika)

Warren 5/27/08 2:32 PM

Kommentar: The right of performance in public is given to the copyright owner of a literary, dramatic or musical work via section 26(1)(a)(iii) of the Singapore Copyright Act whilst the right of communication to the public is given to the copyright owner of literary, dramatic, musical or artistic works, cinematographic films, broadcasts and cable programmes (the legislation implementing the right of communication to the public is the Copyright (Amendment Act) 2004 and this was done to implement an obligation owned by Singapore under the US-Singapore Free Trade Agreement and under Article 8 of the WIPO Copyright Treaty 1996 – Singapore became a party to this Treaty on 17 April 2005). The references here both to "perform" and "communicate" means that "publicly perform"

Working Document version 3.0 - Singapore Edition -

Works from a place and at a place individually chosen by them; to perform the Work to the public by any means or process and the communication to the public of the performances of the Work, including by public digital performance; to broadcast and rebroadcast the Work by any means including signs, sounds or images.

j) "Reproduce" means to make copies of the Work by any means including without limitation by sound or visual recordings and the right of fixation and reproducing fixations of the Work, including storage of a protected performance or phonogram in digital form or other electronic medium.

2. Fair Dealing Rights. Nothing in this License is intended to reduce, limit, or restrict any uses free from copyright or rights arising from limitations or exceptions that are provided for in connection with the copyright protection under copyright law or other applicable laws.

3. License Grant. Subject to the terms and conditions of this License, Licensor hereby grants You a worldwide, royalty-free, non-exclusive, perpetual (for the duration of the applicable copyright) license to exercise the rights in the Work as stated below:

a) to Reproduce the Work, to incorporate the Work into one or more Collections, and to Reproduce the Work as incorporated in the Collections

b) to create and Reproduce Adaptations provided that any such Adaptation, including any translation in any medium, takes reasonable steps to clearly label, demarcate or otherwise identify that changes were made to the original Work. For example, a translation could be marked "The original work was translated from English to Spanish," or a modification could indicate "The original work has been modified.";

c) to Distribute and Publicly Perform the Work including as incorporated in Collections: and

d) to Distribute and Publicly Perform Adaptations.

The above rights may be exercised in all media and formats whether now known or hereafter devised. The above rights include the right to make such modifications as are technically necessary to exercise the rights in other media and formats. Subject to Section 8(f), all rights not expressly granted by Licensor are hereby reserved, including but not limited to the rights described in Section 4(e).

4. Restrictions. The license granted in Section 3 above is expressly made subject to and limited by the following restrictions:

a) You may Distribute or Publicly Perform the Work only under the terms of this License. You must include a copy of, or the Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) for, this License with every copy of the Work You Distribute or Publicly Perform. You may not offer or impose any terms on the Work that restrict the terms of this License or the ability of the recipient of the Work to exercise the rights granted to that recipient under the terms of the License. You may not sublicense the Work. You must keep intact all notices that refer to this License and to the disclaimer of warranties with every copy of the Work You Distribute or Publicly Perform. When You Distribute or

Kommentar: The right of performance in public is given to the copyright owner of a literary, dramatic or musical work via section 26(1)(a)(iii) of the Singapore Copyright Act whilst the right of communication to the public is given to the copyright owner of literary, dramatic, musical or artistic works, cinematographic films, broadcasts and cable programmes. The legislation implementing the right of communication to the public is the Copyright (Amendment Act) 2004 and this was done to implement an obligation owned by Singapore under the US-Singapore Free Trade Agreement and under Article 8 of the WIPO Copyright Treaty 1996 - (Singapore became a party to this Treaty on 17 April 2005). Additionally, section 22(2) of the Singapore Copyright Act also clarifies that a communication to the public of the literary/dramatic/musical work is not a performance of the work.

The Singapore team had explored the desirability of perhaps introducing a separate definition of "communication to the public" but decided against this so as to maintain consistency between countryspecific and generic licenses and to ensure that the Singapore-specific license does not become too unwieldy and confusing to users.

6/14/08 11:18 PM

Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika)

Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika) 6/14/08 11:14 PM

Kommentar: The current version of the fair dealing defences in the Copyright Act has been described as an indigenous species. This is because it incorporates influences from the English and Australian concept of fair dealing and the Amer concept of "fair use". To understand the ambit of the Singapore fair dealing defences, it may be worthwhile to look at the stages of their evolution.

When the Copyright Act was passed in 1987, the concept of fair dealing followed the classic British model that first appeared in the Imperial Copyright Act 1911, in which the availability of the fair dealing defences were limited to specific purposes. The specific purposes were as follows

(a) s 35: fair dealing for the purpose of research or private study; (b) s 36: fair dealing for the purpose of criticism or

review and

(c) s 37: fair dealing for the purpose of reporting current events.

As of 1 January 2005, however, the fair dealing defences in the Copyright Act are no longer limited to the specific purposes of research, private study, criticism, review and reporting of current events. By de-linking the fair dealing defences from the permitted purposes, Singapore shifted away from the British model of fair dealing and moved closer towards the American "fair use" model.

The first thing to note is that no change has been made to sections 36 and 37; they are left intact. The "opening up" of the fair dealing defence was made in section 35 and this was done in two ways. First, the specific purpose referred to in section 35 is now that of "research or study" as opposed to the earlier permitted purpose of "research or private stud .. [1]

Publicly Perform the Work, You may not impose any effective technological measures on the Work that restrict the ability of a recipient of the Work from You to exercise the rights granted to that recipient under the terms of the License. This Section 4(a) applies to the Work as incorporated in a Collection, but this does not require the Collection apart from the Work itself to be made subject to the terms of this License. If You create a Collection, upon notice from any Licensor You must, to the extent practicable, remove from the Collection any credit as required by Section 4(d), as requested. If You create an Adaptation, upon notice from any Licensor You must, to the extent practicable, remove from the Adaptation any credit as required by Section 4(d), as requested.

b) You may Distribute or Publicly Perform an Adaptation only under: (i) the terms of this License; (ii) a later version of this License with the same License Elements as this License; (iii) a Creative Commons unported or another Creative Commons jurisdiction license (either this or a later license version) that contains the same License Elements as this License (e.g., Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 SG) ("Applicable License"). You must include a copy of, or the URI, for Applicable License with every copy of each Adaptation You Distribute or Publicly Perform. You may not offer or impose any terms on the Adaptation that restrict the terms of the Applicable License or the ability of the recipient of the Adaptation to exercise the rights granted to that recipient under the terms of the Applicable License. You must keep intact all notices that refer to the Applicable License and to the disclaimer of warranties with every copy of the Work as included in the Adaptation You Distribute or Publicly Perform. When You Distribute or Publicly Perform the Adaptation, You may not impose any effective technological measures on the Adaptation that restrict the ability of a recipient of the Adaptation from You to exercise the rights granted to that recipient under the terms of the Applicable License. This Section 4(b) applies to the Adaptation as incorporated in a Collection, but this does not require the Collection apart from the Adaptation itself to be made subject to the terms of the Applicable License.

c) You may not exercise any of the rights granted to You in Section 3 above in any manner that is primarily intended for or directed toward commercial advantage or private monetary compensation. The exchange of the Work for other copyrighted works by means of digital file-sharing or otherwise shall not be considered to be intended for or directed toward commercial advantage or private monetary compensation, provided there is no payment of any monetary compensation in connection with the exchange of copyrighted works.

d) If You Distribute, or Publicly Perform the Work or any Adaptations or Collections, You must, unless a request has been made pursuant to Section 4(a), keep intact all copyright notices for the Work and provide, reasonable to the medium or means You are utilizing: (i) the name of the Original Author (or pseudonym, if applicable) if supplied, and/or if the Original Author and/or Licensor designate another party or parties (e.g., a sponsor institute, publishing entity, journal) for attribution ("Attribution Parties") in Licensor's copyright notice, terms of service or by other reasonable means, the name of such party or parties; (ii) the title of the Work if supplied; (iii) to the extent reasonably practicable, the URI, if any, that Licensor specifies to be associated with the Work, unless such URI does not refer to the copyright notice or licensing information for the Work; and, (iv) consistent with Section 3(b), in the case of an Adaptation, a credit identifying the use of the Work in the Adaptation (e.g., 6/14/08 11:06 PM Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika)

6/14/08 11:06 PM Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika)

Working Document version 3.0 - Singapore Edition -

"French translation of the Work by Original Author," or "Screenplay based on original Work by Original Author"). The credit required by this Section 4(d) may be implemented in any reasonable manner; provided, however, that in the case of a Adaptation or Collection, at a minimum such credit will appear, if a credit for all contributing authors of the Adaptation or Collection appears, then as part of these credits and in a manner at least as prominent as the credits for the other contributing authors. For the avoidance of doubt, You may only use the credit required by this Section for the purpose of attribution in the manner set out above and, by exercising Your rights under this License, You may not implicitly or explicitly assert or imply any connection with, sponsorship or endorsement by the Original Author, Licensor and/or Attribution Parties, as appropriate, of You or Your use of the Work, without the separate, express prior written permission of the Original Author, Licensor and/or Attribution Parties.

e) For the avoidance of doubt, the Licensor reserves the right to collect royalties, whether individually or, in the event that the Licensor is a member of a collecting society that administers voluntary licensing schemes, via that society, from any exercise by You of the rights granted under this License that is for a purpose or use which is otherwise than noncommercial as permitted under Section 4(c).

5. Representations, Warranties and Disclaimer

UNLESS OTHERWISE MUTUALLY AGREED TO BY THE PARTIES IN WRITING AND TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, LICENSOR OFFERS THE WORK AS-IS AND MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND CONCERNING THE WORK, EXPRESS, IMPLIED, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, WARRANTIES OF TITLE, MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NONINFRINGEMENT, OR THE ABSENCE OF LATENT OR OTHER DEFECTS, ACCURACY, OR THE PRESENCE OF ABSENCE OF ERRORS, WHETHER OR NOT DISCOVERABLE. SOME JURISDICTIONS DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES, SO THIS EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

6. Limitation on Liability. EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT WILL LICENSOR BE LIABLE TO YOU ON ANY LEGAL THEORY FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, PUNITIVE OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THIS LICENSE OR THE USE OF THE WORK, EVEN IF LICENSOR HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

7. Termination

a) This License and the rights granted hereunder will terminate automatically upon any breach by You of the terms of this License. Individuals or entities who have received Adaptations or Collections from You under this License, however, will not have their licenses terminated provided such individuals or entities remain in full compliance with those licenses. Sections 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, and 8 will survive any termination of this License

6/14/08 10:59 F Gelöscht: : a

. i. ... Non-waivable Compulsory License Schemes. In those jurisdictions in which the right to collect royalites through any statutory or compulsory licensing scheme cannot be waived, the Licensor reserves the exclusive right to collect such royalties for any exercise by You of the rights granted under this License; ...

ii. - Waivable Compulsory License Schemes. In those jurisdictions in which the right to collect royalties through any statutory or compulsory licensing scheme can be waived, the Licensor reserves the exclusive right to collect such royalties for any exercise by You of the rights granted under this License if Your exercise of such rights is for a purpose or use which is otherwise than noncommercial as permitted under Section 4(c) and otherwise waives the right to collect royalties through any statutory or compulsory licensing scheme; and, -. iii. - Voluntary License Schemes.

6/14/08 10:59 PM

Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika) 6/14/08 10:59 PM

Gelöscht: T

6/14/08 10:59 PM Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika)

6/14/08 11:02 PM

Kommentar: Singapore does not have any compulsory licensing schemes, but there are voluntary licensing schemes operated by collecting societies such as COMPASS (public performance rights for musical works), RIPS (public performance rights for musical works), may compare the source sound recordings in various formats), MPS (other rights for musical works) and CLASS (reproduction rights for literary works).

Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika) Warren 5/27/08 2:52 PM

Kommentar: There is no protection for the right of paternity and the right of integrity as such in Singapore's copyright system This is not to say that we sanction such acts, but rather we are guided by the objective of the license which is to ensure that it is drafted in as permissive language and tenor as possible and also to reflect the laws of the country concerned. As the issue is not addressed under the laws, we feel that it is not necessary or appropriate to expand protection of any form under the licenses. It should be noted, however, that there is some protection for moral rights in Singapore. For example, it could be said that sections 188 to 190 of the Copyright Act (statutory duty prohibiting false attribution of authorship, etc) protect the right of paternity, and the law of defamation protect the right of integrity. Another example lies is section 56 which sets out a statutory licensing scheme for making records of musical works in certain circumstances. Section 56(2) prohibits the making of the record of an adaptation of a musical work if the adaptation "debases" the musical work. However, in spite of these provisions, the general consensus is that these "pockets" of protection do not protect the two moral rights to the extent required by Art 6bis of the Berne Convention (see, for example, Gerald Dworkin, "The Moral Right of the Author: Moral Rights and the Common Law Countries" (1995) 19 Colum-VLA J L & Arts 229 and Burton Ong. ... [2]

b) Subject to the above terms and conditions, the license granted here is perpetual (for the duration of the applicable copyright in the Work). Notwithstanding the above, Licensor reserves the right to release the Work under different license terms or to stop distributing the Work at any time; provided, however that any such election will not serve to withdraw this License (or any other license that has been, or is required to be, granted under the terms of this License), and this License will continue in full force and effect unless terminated as stated above.

8. Miscellaneous

a) Each time You Distribute or Publicly Perform the Work or a Collection, the Licensor offers to the recipient a license to the Work on the same terms and conditions as the license granted to You under this License.

b) Each time You Distribute or Publicly Perform an Adaptation, Licensor offers to the recipient a license to the original Work on the same terms and conditions as the license granted to You under this License.

c) If any provision of this License is invalid or unenforceable under applicable law, it shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the remainder of the terms of this License, and without further action by the parties to this agreement, such provision shall be reformed to the minimum extent necessary to make such provision valid and enforceable.

d) No term or provision of this License shall be deemed waived and no breach consented to unless such waiver or consent shall be in writing and signed by the party to be charged with such waiver or consent.

e) This License constitutes the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the Work licensed here. There are no understandings, agreements or representations with respect to the Work not specified here. Licensor shall not be bound by any additional provisions that may appear in any communication from You. This License may not be modified without the mutual written agreement of the Licensor and You.

Creative Commons Notice

Creative Commons is not a party to this License, and makes no warranty whatsoever in connection with the Work. Creative Commons will not be liable to You or any party on any legal theory for any damages whatsoever, including without limitation any general, special, incidental or consequential damages arising in connection to this license. Notwithstanding the foregoing two (2) sentences, if Creative Commons has expressly identified itself as the Licensor hereunder, it shall have all rights and obligations of Licensor.

Except for the limited purpose of indicating to the public that the Work is licensed under the CCPL, Creative Commons does not authorize the use by either party of the trademark "Creative Commons" or any related trademark or logo of Creative Commons without the prior written consent of Creative Commons. Any permitted use will be in compliance with Creative Commons' then-current trademark usage 6/14/08 10:38 PM Formatiert: Englisch (Nordamerika) guidelines, as may be published on its website or otherwise made available upon request from time to time. For the avoidance of doubt, this trademark restriction does not form part of this License.

Creative Commons may be contacted at http://creativecommons.org/.